## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAL CANNABIS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as licensed medical
- 2 cannabis dispensaries are still a new and emerging industry
- 3 since their establishment in 2015, most production centers and
- 4 facilities have only been operating for less than two years.
- 5 The legislature further finds that there may be situations where
- 6 the leadership within a licensed dispensary has changed;
- 7 however, existing law does not provide a process for the sale or
- 8 transfer of any significant interest in a licensed dispensary.
- 9 The legislature also finds that although the medical use of
- 10 cannabis by a qualifying patient to alleviate the symptoms or
- 11 effects of the qualifying patient's debilitating medical
- 12 condition is permitted under state law, there are no
- 13 corresponding employment protections for qualifying patients. A
- 14 qualifying patient can therefore be discriminated against in the
- 15 hiring process, merely because of the patient's status as a
- 16 qualifying patient, or fired at an employer's discretion for

- failing a drug test, even if the qualifying patient is notexhibiting any symptoms of being impaired.
- 3 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 4 (1) Provide a process for the voluntary or involuntary
  5 sale or transfer of a dispensary license;
- 6 (2) Prohibit an employer from discriminating against an
  7 employee based on the employee's status as a
  8 qualifying patient;
- 9 (3) Prohibit an employer from taking action against an
  10 employee based solely on the employee's status as a
  11 qualifying patient or if the results of the employee's
  12 drug test are positive for cannabis; and
- (4) Specify permissible and impermissible actions byemployers and employees.
- 15 SECTION 2. Chapter 329D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
  16 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
  17 and to read as follows:
- 18 "§329D- Sale or transfer of dispensary license. (a) In
  19 the event of death, legal incapacity, or permanent disability of
  20 an individual dispensary licensee, the relevant entity licensee
  21 shall notify the department within thirty days of the individual

- 1 licensee's inability to continue in the individual's capacity as
- 2 a licensee, and shall provide to the department within another
- 3 thirty days a plan for the sale or transfer of the individual
- 4 license to another individual who shall meet all the
- 5 requirements under this chapter and shall have been a resident
- 6 of the State for not less than five years preceding the date of
- 7 transfer.
- **8** (b) In the event of a voluntary resignation by an
- 9 individual licensee, termination of an individual licensee's
- 10 employment with an entity licensee with or without cause, or any
- 11 other permanent separation of the relationship between an
- 12 individual licensee and an entity licensee, the relevant entity
- 13 licensee shall submit a plan to the department for approval at
- 14 least thirty days prior to any sale or transfer of the
- 15 individual license to another individual who shall meet all the
- 16 requirements under this chapter and shall have been a resident
- 17 of the State for not less than five years preceding the date of
- 18 transfer.
- 19 (c) The department may deny a request for transfer of
- 20 ownership if it deems the transferee has failed to meet all the
- 21 requirements of section 329D-3 for ownership."

1	SECT	ION 3. Chapter 378, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y adding a new section to part III to be appropriately
3	designate	d and to read as follows:
4	" <u>§37</u>	8- Qualifying patient; employment; employees;
5	employers	; nondiscrimination; prohibitions. (a) An employer
6	shall not	<u>:</u>
7	(1)	Discriminate against a person in hiring, termination,
8		or imposing any term or condition of employment or
9		otherwise penalize a person based on that person's
10		status as a qualifying patient; or
11	(2)	Take action against an employee solely based upon the
12		employee's status as a qualifying patient or if the
13		results of such employee's drug test show positive for
14		cannabis or its components;
15	unless the employee is a law enforcement officer in the State of	
16	the employ	yee works in a state correctional facility, or unless a
17	failure to	o do so would cause an employer to lose a monetary or
18	licensing	related benefit under federal law or regulations.
19	(b)	This section shall not prohibit an employer from:
20	(1)	Enforcing a workplace drug policy; provided the policy
21		is applied in a nondiscriminatory manner and does not

1		conflict with the nondiscrimination provisions under
2		subsection (a);
3	(2)	Disciplining an employee who is a qualifying patient
4		for failing a drug test, if:
5		(A) Failure to do so would cause an employer to lose
6		a monetary or licensing related benefit under
7		federal law or regulations;
8		(B) The employee performs employment duties at
9		heights or in confined spaces; or
10		(C) Such employee operates or is in physical control
11		of any of the following while impaired:
12		(i) Chemicals that require a permit issued by
13		the federal government, state government, or
14		an agency of the federal government or state
15		government; or
16		(ii) High voltage electricity lines; or
17	(3)	Disciplining an employee who is a qualifying patient
18		if the employer has a reasonable belief that the
19		employee is impaired; provided that an employer that
20		elects to discipline an employee under this paragraph

1		shall afford the employee a reasonable opportunity to
2		contest the basis of the determination.
3	(c)	Nothing in this section shall be construed to create
4	or imply	a cause of action for any person against an employer
5	for:	
6	(1)	Actions based on the employer's reasonable belief that
7		a registered qualifying patient was impaired while
8		working on the employer's premises during the hours of
9		employment; or
10	(2)	Injury or loss to a third party based on an employee's
11		impairment if the employer neither knew nor had reason
12		to know that the employee was impaired.
13	(d)	Nothing in this section shall be construed to
14	interfere	with any federal restrictions on employment, including
15	but not 1	imited to the United States Department of
16	Transport	ation regulations pursuant to title 49 Code of Federal
17	Regulatio	ns section 40.151(e).
18	(e)	For purposes of this section:
19	"Imp	aired" means an employee who is a qualifying patient
20	and who m	anifests specific, articulable symptoms while working
21	that decr	ease or lessen the employee's performance of the duties

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- 1 or tasks of the employee's job position, including symptoms of
- 2 the employee's speech, physical dexterity, agility,
- 3 coordination, demeanor, irrational or unusual behavior;
- 4 <u>negligence or carelessness in operating equipment or machinery;</u>
- 5 disregard for the safety of the employee or others; involvement
- 6 in an accident that results in serious damage to equipment or
- 7 property; disruption of a production or manufacturing process;
- 8 or carelessness that results in any injury to the employee or
- 9 others.
- 10 "Qualifying patient" shall have the same meaning as in
- 11 section 329-121."
- 12 SECTION 4. Chapter 378, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 13 amended by amending the title of part III to read as follows:
- 14 "PART III. UNLAWFUL [SUSPENSION OR DISCHARGE] EMPLOYMENT
- 15 ACTIONS"
- 16 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 17 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 18 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.

### Report Title:

Department of Health; Cannabis; License; Dispensary; Sale or Transfer of License; Employment Discrimination; Qualifying Patient

### Description:

Provides a process for the voluntary or involuntary sale or transfer of an individual dispensary license. Prohibits an employer from discriminating against a person in hiring, termination, or conditions of employment based on the person's status as a qualifying patient and from taking action against an employee based solely on the employee's status as a qualifying patient or if the results of the employee's drug test are positive for cannabis, subject to certain exceptions. Specifies permissible and impermissible actions by employers and employees. (SD1)

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